## ISEB Common Pre-Test Mathematics Paper 1

## Answers

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| Question | Answer |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A 5 |
| 2 | $\text { D } 10$ <br> 10 is a multiple of 2 and 10 |
| 3 | $2.1 \times 9=18.9 \mathrm{~kg} \quad \text { B } 18.9$ |
| 4 | $\begin{array}{ll} 231.9 \div 3=77.3 & C 77.3 \end{array}$ |
| 5 | E 33.4 <br> The 1 in the hundredth's place rounds down |
| 6 | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { C } 23.97 \mathrm{~cm} \\ \hline-0.33=23.97 \mathrm{~cm} \end{array}$ |
| 7 | D Trapezium <br> The shape has 1 pair of parallel sides - a key sign of a trapezium |
| 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \% \text { of } 70=£ 14 \\ & 70+14=£ 84 \end{aligned} \quad \text { D } £ 84$ |
| 9 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { A } £ 16 \\ 41-25=£ 16 & \end{array}$ |
| 10 | $20 \% \text { of } 35=7 \quad \text { B } 7$ |
| 11 | $\begin{aligned} & 8+4+12=24 \\ & 24-14=10 \text { coins left } \end{aligned}$ |
| 12 | C $1 / 40$ <br> Multiply the numerators together and the denominators together to get 1/40 |
| 13 | $\begin{gathered} \text { B } £ 1.95 \\ 12.40+3.65+0.55+0.55+0.9=£ 18.05 \\ 20-18.05=£ 1.95 \end{gathered}$ |
| 14 | E $12 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ <br> Area $=$ base $\times$ perpendicular height $\div 2$ |


|  | $=6 \times 4 \div 2=12 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15 | A 69 <br> Each new term is 8 less than the previous term. |
| 16 | $\underset{1.96 \div 7=\{0.28 \text { or } 28 p}{\text { D 28p }}$ |
| 17 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } 1 / 3 \\ & 1 \text { even number out of } 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| 18 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { B 2 } \\ 3+3 b=9 \\ 3 b=6 \\ b=2 \end{array}$ |
| 19 | B 16 <br> Each new term is twice that of the previous term |
| 20 | Dr+18 |
| 21 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } 3 \\ & (3 \times 0)+(3 \times 2)+3+(3 \times 4)+(3 \times 6)=39 \\ & \text { There are } 13 \text { students in total } \\ & 39 \div 13=3 \end{aligned}$ |
| 22 | $\begin{aligned} & \quad \text { B } 39 \text { people } \\ & \text { Cars: } 5 \times 3=15 \\ & \text { Vans: } 3 \times 8=24 \\ & 24+15=39 \end{aligned}$ |
| 23 | C 6 hours <br> She prepares 2 kg dough in 1 hour So she can prepare 12 kg dough in 6 hours |
| 24 | C 3 <br> Mode - most common number |
| 25 | $\begin{array}{ll} 704-21=£ 683 & D \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 26 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { A 8:17 } \\ \text { Ratio: 16:34 = 8:17 } \end{array}$ |
| 27 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B£300 } \\ & 10+7+7+6=30 \text { hours total } \\ & 30 \times 10=£ 300 \end{aligned}$ |
| 28 | E 57 |


|  | $14+18+25=57$ highlighters in total |
| :---: | :---: |
| 29 | $\begin{aligned} & \qquad \text { B } 16 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \\ & \text { Average of the parallel sides }=(2+6) \div 2=4 \\ & 4 \times 4=16 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| 30 | B 3:30 pm <br> $30 \mathrm{~min}+1$ hours $+30 \mathrm{~min}=2$ hours 2 hours before 5:30 $=3: 30$ |
| 31 | C hundreds |
| 32 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & E 17,004 \\ 4251 \times 4=17004 & \end{array}$ |
| 33 | $\underset{42 \times 12=504 \text { months }}{ } \text { A } 504$ |
| 34 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { C } 42^{\circ} \\ 90+48=138^{\circ} \\ 180-138=42^{\circ} \end{array}$ |
| 35 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { D } 65 \% \\ 20 \text { is } 1 / 5 \text { of } 100 & \\ \text { So } 13 \times 5=65 \% & \end{array}$ |
| 36 | B Cylinder |
| 37 | $\begin{aligned} & \quad \text { E £ £3.50 } \\ & \text { Breakfast: } 0.90+0.85=£ 1.75 \\ & \text { Lunch: } 1.65+2.90+0.7=£ 5.25 \\ & 5.25-1.75=£ 3.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| 38 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } 266 \\ & 3+4+7=14 \text { packs total } \\ & 19 \times 14=266 \text { bouncy balls } \end{aligned}$ |
| 39 | $14+4+20=38 \text { beads } \text { B } 38$ |
| 40 | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Area }=\pi \times \mathrm{r}^{2} & \text { D } 50.24 \mathrm{ft}^{2} \\ =3.14 \times 4^{2} & \\ =50.24 \mathrm{ft}^{2} & \end{array}$ |
| 41 | $\text { B } 8$ <br> $27 \div 3=9$ <br> So the consecutive numbers must be $8,9,10$ |
| 42 | B £94 |

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|  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \% \text { of } 95=£ 19 \\ & 75+19=£ 94 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 43 | $\begin{aligned} & 4+6=10 \text { people } \end{aligned}$ |
| 44 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C } 28+15+28=71 \\ & 71-9-60=2 \text { stickers left } \end{aligned}$ |
| 45 | C $473 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> Big rectangle: $29 \times 25=725 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ Small rectangle: $18 \times 14=252 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ $725-252=473 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |
| 46 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A 42,300 g } \\ & 42.3 \times 1000=42,300 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ |
| 47 | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \text { D £12 } \\ 25+7=£ 32 & \\ 32-4-4-12=£ 12 \end{array}$ |
| 48 | Cars: $14 \times 4=56$ Bicycles: $4 \times 2=8$ $56+8=64$ |
| 49 | C 27 blocks $5+8+5+9=27$ blocks |
| 50 | E $88 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ <br> Big cuboid: $5 \times 8 \times 2=80 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ Small cuboid $=4 \times 2 \times 1=8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ $80+8=88 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |
| Total | /50 |

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